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The Most Popular Resort of the Season!

COMPLETE OVERHAULING OF THE WHOLE IMMENSE STOCK, WITH FURTHER REDUCTIONS FOR THIS WEEK.

Final Closing Out of All the Remaining Damaged Goods at Record-Breaking Prices!

3³/₄ High Novelty CHALLIES, Reduced from 8 ¹ / ₂ c Yd.	8¹/₂ Imported Plaid INDIA LINENS, Reduced from 20c a Yd.	85¹/₂ Ladies' Bright Tan Colored, Hand- Turned Oxford Ties, sizes 2 1-2 to 7; Reduced to 85c a Pair.
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Colored Dress Goods.

At 64c
92 pcs Imported Challie Beiges in brown, tan and gray mixtures, cool and serviceable; reduced from 15c.

At 64c
63 pcs best quality Organdie Lawn, all choice new patterns, reduced from 12 1-2c.

At 12 1/2c
42 pcs all pure wool French Grenadine, in myrtle and navy only; reduced from 25c.

At 12 1/2c
52 pcs 32-inch extra fine Persian Figured Mousseline, the most elegant wash fabric shown this season, in the choicest designs, colors perfectly fast; reduced from 25c.

At 25c
12 pcs 40-inch French all pure wool, striped Challies; colors woven in; reduced from 60c.

Ladies' Suits.

For \$3.50
50 Satine Suits in all shades with Directoire waist, regular price, \$6.50; reduced to \$3.50.

For \$5.00
100 Satine Suits in all shades, with cream colored vests and draped skirts, sold all season at \$10.50; reduced to \$5.

For \$7.50
Ladies' Suits in French Satine, extra trimmed with velvet or pique, regular price, \$12.50; reduced to \$7.50.

For \$7.75
15 dozen handsome all-over embroidered White Suits, sizes 34 to 42, sold all season at \$13.50; now reduced to \$7.75.

For \$2.65
White Suits in India Linen, regular price, \$5.00; reduced to \$2.65.

Parasols.

For 50c
Sateens, all colors; reduced from \$1.

For 85c
Fancy Satins, in checks; reduced from \$1.50.

For \$1.50
Fancy Satins, in stripes; reduced from \$2.50.

For \$2.00
Satins, in stripes only; reduced from \$3.50.

For \$2.50
Fancy Plaids, all silk; reduced from \$4.50.

For \$7.00
Our Parasols reduced from \$10 and \$15. Black Satin, lace trimmed, all silk; reduced from \$4.50, \$5, \$7 to \$3.

Summer Underwear.

Men's Balbriggan Shirts, sizes 33 to 42, 15c; reduced from 35c.

Odd lots in Men's Drawers at 25c each, or three pairs for \$1.00, reduced from \$1.00, 85c and 60c.

Ladies' Balbriggan Vests, low neck and ribbed arms, 12 1/2c; reduced from 35c.

Ladies' High Neck Sleeveless Gauze Vests, reduced from 60c to 17 1/2c.

Black Dress Goods

At 61-4c
60 pieces Striped Camelette; reduced from 20c.

At 12 1-2c
50 pieces Imported English Black Lawn, Grenadine effect; a novelty; reduced from 25c.

At 9c
60 pieces pin-check Organdy; reduced from 15c.

At 8 1-3c
80 pieces black and white Organdies; reduced from 12 1-2c.

At 15c
70 pieces Pin-Check Bengaline, very light and airy; reduced from 25c.

At 22 1-2c
20 pieces 36-inch Henriettas; reduced from 35c.

At 47 1-2c
50 pieces 40-inch All-wool All-batross, the coolest fabric made; reduced from 75c.

At 62 1-2c
20 pieces 45-inch All-wool French Challies, extra fine; reduced from 90c.

Grenadines.

80 pieces All Pure Silk—Immense Reductions:

At 90c—Plain mesh, reduced from \$1.25.

At \$1.25—Fancy mesh, reduced from \$1.65.

At 75c—Satin Stripes, reduced from \$1.35.

Ribbons.

CASH RIBBONS.

At 75c
300 pieces 8-inch black and colored heavy all-silk Moire Satin Edge Ribbons; reduced from \$1.25 per yard.

At 42 1-2c
180 pieces 8-inch satin black Sash Ribbons, in all the desirable shades; reduced from 75c per yard.

Dress Trimming Ribbon.

At 75c and 90c
A full line of narrow Ribbons at greatly reduced prices. No. 4 Moire Satin Edge at 75c per bolt. No. 5 Satin or Crown Edge at 90c per bolt; these are extra quality.

At 7c
400 pieces Nos. 12 and 16, Pure Silk Gros Grain Ribbon in cardinal and other dark shades; reduced from 20c a yard.

Upholstery Dep't.

150 ready-made Mosquito Bars; largest size, white, \$1; pink, \$1.10 each.

75 imported Bobinet Bars, square frames, full size, at \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50 each.

100 American Nets on square frames, full size, at \$1.75 each; were \$2.25.

1,000 pieces Mosquito Bar (8 yard pieces), white, 30c; blue, green and pink, 35c piece.

150 Wire Screen Doors at \$1 each; 300 wire Window Screens, from 15c to 75c each, or about half price.

1,000 fine Window Shades on spring rollers, handsome dades, 6 feet long, 30c; 7 feet long, 35c.

Silks.

32 1/2c a Yard
20-inch Natural Pongee, all silk; reduced from 60c.

42 1/2c a Yard
17-inch Solid Color Summer Silks; reduced from 65c.

45c a Yard
Extra quality Surah in large or small stripes; reduced from \$1.00 a yard.

45c a Yard
22-inch Figured China Dress Silks; reduced from \$1.00 a yard.

Corsets.

Good long Corset, double busk and side steels, 30c.

P. N. Corsets, spoon busk and double side steels, 98c; reduced from \$1.25.

Odd lot of 500 Bone French Woven Corsets, 85c; regular \$1.25; small sizes particularly.

J. C. French Sewed Corsets in outline; reduced from \$1.75 to \$1.50; sateens, reduced from \$2.50 to \$2.

Lot of good-sense Waists, 35c; reduced from 50c.

Laces.

42-INCH BLACK SILK SPANISH GUIPURE AND CHANTILLY LACE FLOUNCINGS GO.

\$1.25 Black Silk Lace Flouncing for 50c a yard.

\$1.50 Black Silk Lace Flouncing for \$1.15 a yard.

\$3 Black Silk Lace Flouncing for \$1.25 a yard.

\$3.50 and \$4 Black Silk Lace Flouncing for \$2.25 a yard.

\$4.50 and \$5 Black Silk Lace Flouncing for \$3 a yard.

10-inch Egyptian Lace Flouncing at 10c a yard.

3-inch Black Silk Chantilly Lace at 5c a yard.

3-inch Real Torchon Lace at 5c a yard.

6-inch Black Silk Spanish Guipure Lace at 30c a yard.

9-inch Real Torchon Lace at 80c; reduced from 85c.

Plain hemstitched Mull Ties at 5c each.

Ladies' Linen Collars at 1c each.

Children's Table Bibs at 2 1/2c each.

Tourist Rushings, 6 yards to box, at 10c a box.

Ladies' Mull Directoire Collars, lace edge, at 10c each.

Remnants of Laces at give-away prices.

Lace Curtains.

65 pairs of Nottingham Lace Curtains, handsome designs, 3 yards long, at \$1.50 a pair; reduced from \$2.25 a pair.

65 pairs of heavy Nottingham Lace Curtains, applique border, a splendid quality, 3 1/2 yards long, \$1.65; reduced from \$2.50 a pair.

36 pairs of Nottingham Lace Curtains, very wide, good wearing curtains, 3 1/2 yards long, at \$2.50 a pair; reduced from \$3.75 a pair.

65 pairs of extra fine Nottingham Lace Curtains, real Brussels net, \$3.35 a pair; reduced from \$4.75 a pair.

Best East India Seersucker

Coats and Vests, \$8.00

Made and Finished Better Than Any Merchant Tailors Can Make Them.

Fine French Flannel Coats and Vests\$3.00
Light-Colored Mohair Coats and Vests ...\$3.50
Light-Colored Silk Coats and Vests\$5.50

In Our Boys' Department.

Fancy Flannel Waists, \$2 and \$2.50,
Reduced to \$1.00

French Percale Star Waists, at \$1.50,
Reduced to \$1.00

Large lines Boys' Summer Suits and
Coats and Vests marked down one-half

Out \$3.00 Trousers

Stylish Stripes and Plaids, new goods, worth \$5 and \$6, are taking the town by storm.

BROWNING, KING & CO.,

Corner Broadway and Pine.

BRUSH DRIVE.

A 50-cent Hair Brush..... At 25 cents
A 75-cent Hair Brush..... At 50 cents
A 90-cent Tooth Brush..... At 10 cents
A 25-cent Tooth Brush..... At 15 cents
A 50-cent Tooth Brush..... At 35 cents
A 50-cent Nail Brush..... At 25 cents
A 25-cent Nail Brush..... At 15 cents

Great reduction in Sponges, Chamois, etc., to make room for new goods.

MELLIER DRUG CO., 518 Olive Street.



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SPECIAL REDUCTION!

A \$25 Photographic Camera and Complete Outfit, with Book of Instructions, for \$17, for this week only at

A. S. Aloe & Co.,
Photographic Supply House,
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A. MOLL, GROCER.

For a Nice Summer Drink

Gillon's Lime Juice,
Gillon's Raspberry Cordial,

Ross' Raspberry Vinegar,
Meyer-Bain's

Asst. Lemonades,
Doxsee Pure Clam Juice.

Wholesale Established 1866. Retail Established 1868.

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WATCHES!

Ladies' and Gents' Solid Gold Watches from \$10 to \$100. Before buying come and see our Bargains. All our goods are guaranteed. Just opened out a Large and Fine Stock of Seasonable Clothing. We can show you the Finest Genuine Mitts in the City.

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912 FRANKLIN AV.

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The Academy of the Visitation,
Case st., will enter on the sixtieth Academic year the first Monday of September.

SUMMER RESORTS.
1889. "THE OAKWOOD." 1889. DARTFORD, GREEN LAKE, WIS. The original summer resort of the Northwest. For beauty, health, comfort and complete rest it has no equal. Letters will receive prompt attention.
DAVID GREENWAY, Owner and Proprietor.

OAKTON SPRINGS HOTEL,
Lake Pewaukee, Wis.
Splendid fishing; pickles, beer and wine. Three steamers, first-class row boats. Hotel, every furnished. Terms, \$3 to \$12 per week; \$5 per day.
C. L. CLARSON, Proprietor.

UNRIVALED SEASIDE RESORT.
HYGEIA HOTEL,
Old Point Comfort, Va.

Unsurpassed in appointments, table and general situation. Terms low for the accommodations, entertainment and amusement given than at any resort of the kind in the United States. Breeze from the sea, frequent showers and sun, salt and brine bathing and driving. Frequent arrivals of British and American ships at this daily inspection, with parades, cannon and rifle target practice. A broad expanse of all water surrounds. Old Point Comfort, Va. There are no land owners, no landlords, no hay fever, no exposure heat. The climate is healthy and the night cool and refreshing. Day and night are equally beautiful. The scenery is beautiful. The surrounding country is the most fertile and productive in the world. Send for descriptive pamphlet. J. A. MULL, Manager.

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Patrons of the Adjustable Spring Hair Wave and Bang. Manufacturer of the latest styles Collars, Wigs, Toupees, Hair Jewelry, etc., etc. Private Parties for Ladies' and Children's Hair Dressing and Shampooing.

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BLACK DRESS GOODS COLORED DRESS GOODS

WM. F. CROW & CO.,

AT THEIR NEW STORE,
501, 503, 505 NORTH BROADWAY,

N. W. CORNER ST. CHARLES STREET,

Will Offer During the Coming Week the Following

EXTRA SPECIAL BARGAINS!

1 case fine Plain Black French Sateens, the best goods imported; color warranted30c a yard

1 case Black and White French Sateens, best and handsomest patterns, extra value at20c a yard

1 case 40-inch French Mohair Bunting, very desirable and durable, and cheap at45c a yard

20 pieces 54-inch Black French Brilliantine, the most fashionable goods of the season, reduced to70c a yard

25 pieces Priestley's Black Silk-Chain Henriettas—the best Henrietta manufactured—reduced from \$1.00 to80c a yard

40 pieces 24-inch Plain Colored China Silks, all the fashionable colors and black, reduced to60c a yard

150 dozen Gents' Unlaundered Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, pure linen cambric, good value for 30c, at15c each

150 dozen Ladies' Undressed Linen Handkerchiefs, hemstitched, 3-4 inch hem, very fine quality, at10c each

100 dozen Men's Open-Front Unlaundered Shirts, long full bosom, 12 plaits, worth \$1.00, now60c each

50 pieces Irish and Belgian Linen Sheet, 80, 90 and 100 inches wide, at80c, 90c and \$1.00 a yard

40 pieces Irish and Belgian Linen Pillow Case, 40, 45 and 54 inches wide, at55c, 65c and 75c a yard

100 dozen Colored Border French Towels, fine damask, knotted fringe, large size23 1-2c each

250 dozen Irish and German Linen Napkins, all sizes, plain white and colored border, from90c to \$5.00 a dozen

100 pieces Scotch and Irish Linen Huckaback Toweling, all widths, all qualities, all prices, from12 1-2c to 25c a yard

Special Bargains and Reductions in all departments. We protect our customers, and, no matter how low goods are advertised, you will find better goods for the same money at the Old and Responsible Dry Goods House of

WM. F. CROW & CO., BROADWAY AND ST. CHARLES ST.

Canned Goods for Hot Weather!

Cooked Corned Beef, Cooked Ox Tongues, Pickled Lamb Tongues, Pickled Oysters, Pickled Clams, Pickled Mussels, Curried Oysters, Curried Fowl, Boneless Ham, Clams, Shrimps, Salmon, Lobsters, Fifteen varieties of Canned Soups, Deviled and Potted Ham, Chicken, Turkey, Lobster, Tongue, etc., Pates of Woodcock, Wild Duck, Grouse, etc., Pates de Fois Gras, Puree de Fois Gras, Deviled Crabs, Boneless Pigs' Feet, Extra French Sardines, Truffled Liver Sausage, etc., etc.

Also Headquarters for Pine Apple, Edam, New York Full Cream, Roquefort, Cheddar and Stilton Cheese.

David Nicholson,

13 and 15 NORTH SIXTH STREET.

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THE ROYAL GRANTS.

English Radicals in Open Revolt Against the Demands of the Government.

Monster Demonstration of the Opposition to Be Held in Hyde Park To-Day.

Obstacles Which Stand in the Way of a Confederation of the Balkan States.

Greek and Bulgarian Must Settle the Question of Mastery in Macedonia.

The Ovation to Parnell in Edinburgh—Gladstone Pays a Tribute to His Political Honesty—Henry George on the New Move of the Irish Party—What Davitt Says of the Tenant League—British Legislation Making Slow Progress—The Anglo-American Salt Trust—Two Berlin Editors Who Managed to Beat the Iron Chancellor—Failure of the London Police to Unearth the Whitechapel Murderer—Popular Indignation Over Their Inefficiency—Meeting of the Schools of Socialism in Paris—The Pope's Contemplated Leave-Taking of Rome—Wilkie Collins Said to Be Improving—Alexander of Russia Said to Return the Call of Emperor William—The Terms Upon Which Durnaven's Yacht Will Contest—File's Royal Bride—The Crown Prince of America—General Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

ONION, July 20.—No topic of the week, not even the Whitechapel murders, has begun to approach in popular interest the fierce controversy about the royal grants. There is a great mass meeting of radicals at Hyde Park to-morrow to howl against the compromise proposition suggested by the Parliament committee to the Prince of Wales' children by adding \$200,000 each year to the heir apparent's income. The radical papers say that the Prince of Wales is in debt, and that such a step would simply be to throw money to the wind. There is no assurance that the children would ever get a penny of it.

WALLES AS A BANKER.

O'Connor's Star to-night, in opposing the grants, points the following: "A fact has come to our knowledge which throws an interesting light on the Prince of Wales' proposals for the royal grants. We are informed that the Prince of Wales kept a bank account with the Bank of England, and that he made millions in Bulgaria and Turkey out of railroads, and that the partnership for the Prince cleared \$1,000,000, the chief loser being Lord Lurgan of turf fame. We presume the Prince of Wales, therefore, that the Prince will now drop all further demands on the public purse."

THE ONLY TOPIC.

Channey M. Depew, who has been dining with Gladstone, Roseberry, Lord Spencer, Morley and other eminent public men this week, says that the royal grants excite all other topics of conversation. "Not a word have I heard about the new move of the Irish party," said Depew to-day. "That issue sinks from view in the present crisis of the Liberal party. Gladstone finds himself at issue with fully one-third of his followers. When the Liberals fight for home rule they fight in a body against the opposite party, but now they must look sharply after opponents in their own ranks. The radical element is asserting itself and seems determined to force the issue between the Liberal party and monarchy. This is a very important step to take and a matter of grave apprehension to the Liberal leaders."

THE PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE.

The Commons Committee had another meeting to-day, but did not appear to have arrived at any definite agreement on the crucial point submitted to it. Rumor has it that Gladstone and Morley are opposed to disposing of the matter by increasing the income of the Prince of Wales' income every year by a sum equal to four times the salary of the President of the United States.

When the committee met to-day it was notified with some surprise that Sir William Harcourt was not upon it. The story circulated was that it was because he did not wish to be placed in a position in which it was possible he might offend the court. The true version of his declining the membership was that he entertains a hope of leading the radicals. He received a hint that he might lose the chance if he supported any royal grant whatever. Thus he held aloof from the committee.

Morley did not prove so complaisant, hence the present bitterness among the more intractable of his friends, a feeling that would certainly be extended to Parnell if he used his influence to bring his party as a whole to the support of the proposed allowance. But even before he went to Edinburgh Parnell and prominent members of the Irish party were too busy with their own affairs to give much attention to the royal grants. After shaking the dust of the coalition from their feet they formed a committee to frame a plan of action for the new Tenant League. Though it is purely a class move. While providing

this move is temporarily submerged in England it is the burning topic in Ireland.

MR. SMITH'S TASK.

The whole subject of the royal grants comes naturally within the province of Mr. Smith, First Lord of the Treasury, to enlighten through the House and he finds his chief difficulty is to formulate a proposal acceptable to Mr. Gladstone and his followers. Mr. Gladstone himself manifests no disposition to be capacious, but is extremely doubtful if the leader of the opposition will be able to rally to his support all the various stripes of political belief of which the Liberal party is made up, even if he lend his adherence to the most moderate proposal. Government cannot be expected to make. That the radical wing of the Liberal party will stand out, no matter what Mr. Gladstone decides, is very certain, for their opposition to any further grants for royalty out of the public treasury amounts to a crusade, but the moderate wing, who are Mr. Gladstone's strength with the country to reconcile the tax-payers of his party to the proposals.

GLADSTONE'S POSITION.

The position of Mr. Gladstone in this matter is rather unique. Though the leader of the opposition to the Government, he stands between the Government and its detractors. Though the idol of the very classes who take every opportunity to show their dislike for the Queen, he stands up boldly in defense of her privileges and prerogatives. He argues that the moderate demands which the Queen now makes for her grand-children would be a dishonorable repudiation of the solemn compact entered into by the royal family and Parliament. He points out that the present allowance to members of the royal family amounts to only £170,000 a year, while in the time of George III. the aggregate reached into the millions. He is willing that an understanding should be had that the sums now asked for Prince Albert Victor and Princess Louise shall be the last grants made for these purposes, but he is unwilling to insist that this proviso shall be incorporated in terms in the act making the grant. There can be no better indication of the effect upon the public mind of the proposal to further pension the sons of royalty than that the furnished by yesterday's election in Marlborough, where the phenomenal outpouring of the old-time Conservative majority is attributed altogether to the cogitation of the question of grants.

THE HYDE PARK DEMONSTRATION.

The preparations for the popular demonstration in Hyde Park to-morrow to protest against the grants are on an enormous scale, and it is expected that the working population of London will turn out en masse to add their voice to the howl of condemnation which is heard from other parts of the kingdom. Mr. William Randall Cremer, the Gladstonian member for Shropshire, is expected to preside. Tories by no means distress themselves over the obvious difference which the grant proposals have developed in the Liberal ranks and there is reason to believe that when the question comes up in the House Monday morning there will be given the opposition to the breach already existing in their ranks by a judicious encouragement of the expression of the contradictory views on the subject entertained within the party. The Conservative managers hope that the approval of the Government proposals by Gladstone, Morley and the other middle Liberals who favor moderate concession to the Queen's wishes, will result in a lasting rupture in the Liberal party.

JACK THE RIPPER.

The London Police Completely in the Dark as to His Identity.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch. ONION, July 20.—The Whitechapel murder excitement is dying out, despite the efforts of the police to show their activity by arresting tagged men on slender suspicion and insisting on news agencies to send out exaggerated stories of stabbing affrays as fresh exploits of Jack the Ripper. The two assaults with which the town was startled this morning had nothing in common with the Whitechapel crimes, and the police took place in that vicinity and among the same class of people.

ORDINARY BLOOD-LETTINGS.

They were merely blood-lettings by two drunken sailors who tried to prevent robbery by disolute women. One of them was so brutal about it that it had not been for the interference of the police he surely would have been strung up to the nearest lamp-post. But as to the capture of the real Whitechapel assassin, the police are doing nothing. The request investigated everything except what committed the murder. The theory that obtains most is that the crimes are committed by some sailor and it is this idea the police are working most thoroughly.

Chief Inspector Moore comes in for a large share of blame for the failure of the police, because when put to the test he shows that he can do no better than Sir Charles Warren, who was removed to satisfy popular opinion. Up to a late hour to-day no trace of the offender has been found. Maudlin wretches accuse themselves of the crime for the sake of notoriety and a fresh supply of gin. The besotted crank, Brodie, is no doubt one of the best and would be discharged at once, but the police have to keep some body under arrest and investigation to make the people think they are doing something.

PARLIAMENTARY RESPONSIBILITY. The blank Scotland Yard incurs in this business rests upon the Government and helps to increase its unpopularity. A serious demand will be made upon Parliament to account for the chronic incapacity of the institution which it is especially responsible, and it will be asked that it should not be better to transfer the responsibility to the Municipal Council, where it properly belongs.

THE TENANT LEAGUE.

Henry George's Views on the New Move of the Irish Party.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch. ONION, July 20.—Henry George, who called home on the Umbria to-day, has been making speeches in Ireland this week. He had a good chance to test public opinion in Belfast. "I heard little about the Tenant League there," George said to-day, "but in Dublin and in the southern counties it is a question of intense interest. Personally I don't think the new move will please the mass of the Irish people. It is purely a class move. While providing

for the tenant farmers it almost entirely ignores the thousands of Irish laborers. The tenant farmers after all are only comparatively a small class."

MR. PARNELL'S VISION.

"Davitt defined the scheme very aptly at my Dublin meeting when he said it is a 'trade' union of tenants. Well, that sort of thing is not going to fill the place of the nation's won't stand up to it. Parnell had to do something to preserve the organization of his party, but as I said before, the movement is merely palliative. It does not touch the hearts of the whole Irish people, but only the tenant farmers, who are a small minority. I found that by talking with the laboring people in Ireland the original idea of the land for the whole people is recovering its force. To get their rights the tenant farmers must ally with the English democracy. They must take the landlords out."

THE NEW MOVE IN ENGLAND.

"What do you think of the new Radical movement in England?" was asked Mr. George.

"The Radical masses are beginning to feel their strength," said he. "They are getting away from the leading of the Liberals. They realize that if they are to carry out their reform measures it must be done on their own terms. The home rule cry. The Radicals want the stronger element of the party to break away from the weaker elements and carry out their own program. The other day they could not control fifty votes in Parliament."

PARNELL IN EDINBURGH.

Edinburgh has pronounced Charles Stewart Parnell not quite what was waiting for the judgment of the Special Commission and has emphasized the verdict by giving him a reception unequalled by that given any living man with the exception of Mr. Gladstone. Thirty thousand Scotchmen selected him as the champion of the cause of the Irish people. The day of his arrival, and at night he was tremendously cheered at the meeting which he attended in the Grass Market under the shadow of St. Giles. The ceremony of conferring the freedom of the city by the corporation to-day was not of the usual banqueting character. The resolution to grant the honor had been the subject of contention. Opposition was shown by Conservative members and there was a series of lively debates in which the matter was thoroughly sifted. Mr. Parnell may be said to have gone through another trial. In the end the resolution was adopted by a strong majority, although all through the Provost was against it.

A VINDICATION.

Such a vote from long-headed, hard-hearted Scotchmen, who certainly had no prejudices in favor of Irishmen, was a victory and vindication for Parnell, and the fervor which animated the proceedings was a vindication of the cause of the Irish people. The Independent of the day said: "Parnell is a man who will become of her in the event of another great war. The Irish people are in the grip of Austria. Why should we compromise our liberty of action by allying ourselves with a power which is bound hand and foot by their powerful neighbors? Our own position is quite different. Supposing Austria, for instance, were to attack us, we should be obliged to fight on our own part, we should not be able to call in the aid of any other power. The only power that can really interfere with us is England. But the English government will not put itself out to harm us."

GLADSTONE'S LETTER.

A letter from Gladstone was read, in which he said he believed Parnell's recent experience was without a parallel in the history of British statesmen of the British Parliament for two centuries. Mr. Parnell and his supporters have become a conservative and restorative force of immense good to the country. The letter drew forth great applause. Gladstone and Parnell's names were linked together by the audience and cheered again. A resolution welcoming Parnell to Edinburgh was adopted by acclamation.

ERLIN, July 20.—The police prosecution of the two editors, Haideim and Bernstein, of the well-known Socialistic daily, the Volks Zeitung, and the Director, Franz May, has fallen through and the prisoners have been discharged.

THE VOLKS ZEITUNG.

The Volks Zeitung is a newspaper with a circulation of nearly 50,000, but in politics it is bitterly opposed to the Socialists. One fine day last March the Iron Chancellor found in its columns an uncompromising reference to himself and had the police at once suppress the paper under the act directed against the Socialists. The following day the Volks Zeitung did not appear, but a paper of exactly the same name, shape and general appearance did appear from the same office with the title of the Workers' Journal.

THE INSPECTOR'S VERDICT.

The two police inspectors got together, carefully adjusted their spectacles, and after a thorough examination of the fledgling, decided it was only the Volks Zeitung with a new name and ordered its suppression. With profound veneration for the law and the police the manager of the paper did not publish the paper, but the next day's paper was called the Volks Zeitung. This the police as promptly suppressed.

THE POLICE GIVE UP. The police gave up in despair, foreseeing that the editors could practically see their way out of the difficulty so long as their list of new names held out and

this promise to be inexhaustible. The Director Herr May and the two editors, Haideim and Bernstein, were there upon arrested charged with the very serious offense of publishing a newspaper that had been forbidden under the law by the proper authorities. Of course, the whole question for the court to decide was whether a newspaper after its name had been changed could or could not properly be considered the same newspaper. The Prosecuting Attorney insisted that to all intents and purposes the Volks Zeitung was really published after the prohibition, even though the name was changed, while counsel for the defense urged that this was a forced and tyrannical construction of the law.

THE COURT'S DECISION.

After listening to arguments of counsel on both sides yesterday the court decided that the newspapers published under different titles could not be considered as the same newspaper, and accordingly the prisoners were discharged. When the three men left the court room they were received with loud huzzah by their sympathizers outside, who thronged the approaches to the Chamber and carried the three men on their shoulders for several blocks.

THE COURT'S DECISION.

It was stated that the police, by daily suppression, will compel the editors to change the name of their paper every day.

BALKAN FEDERATION.

Obstacles That Stand in the Way of a League for the Common Defense.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

ONION, July 20.—The activity at present displayed about the Balkan League among the army and navy departments of the central European powers and of the Balkan States, has again brought forward the subject of "Balkan Federation" so dear to political idealists. The most experienced members of the House of Commons are generally believed that several of the Government measures which are before the House must eventually be dropped. It is hopeless for instance to proceed with the Irish drainage bills in view of the opposition with which they are threatened. If the Government are to fulfill its promise of proceeding with the committee stage of the Scotch Local Government bill to die in view, it will be at least a week before they can take up the Irish bills again. To send these bills to a select committee at the end of July in the belief that they could be reported upon and passed in face of opposition in the present session, would argue an amount of simplicity of which even Mr. Smith's detractors would not accuse him.

NO MORE FOR THE MEASURES.

The bills, in fact, are "done for," and some of the Conservative members are urging that the fact should be recognized and admitted without delay. There is no doubt that when the title recovery bill was introduced to the Government it was intended to include it among the measures the passing of which was indispensable. But the formidable opposition which has sprung up to the measure has made its prospects very doubtful and up to the present, at all events, Mr. Smith has not found it possible to indicate to the Conservatives interested in the question when the bill is likely to be taken up. The Welsh industrial education bill is now, by general consent, in a hopeless plight. The Government's proposals are unsatisfactory and inadequate by the Conservatives interested in the bill, while the Liberals are quite resolved to continue in their opposition to them whatever may be the consequences to the measure itself. It is quite certain that if, after the repeated promises of an early prorogation of the House is kept sitting late into the year the result will be intense dissatisfaction upon the Conservative benches.

CRYING FOR BRITISH CAPITAL.

Erasmus Wilson, a here looking after the American end of the big Anglo-British salt trust, which has just been put before the public, telling Londoners in the newspapers that the American people like to see British capital coming in; that they encourage forming trusts because they put an end to fierce competition.

LIBERAL VICTORIES.

The Liberals are in a jubilant frame of mind. The election shows that they are steadily gaining. The victory of Garmanthe and Marylebone for they regard the latter as more of a victory than the former in the increased vote thrown—all their wish hope. The Government shows no signs of rejoicing over either.

HARRISON'S INSTRUCTIONS TO JARRETT.

The Birmingham Times prints an interview with Mr. Jarrett, the American Consul at Birmingham, in which that gentleman declares that the last instructions which President Harrison gave him prior to his departure for the post, were to be sure to embrace every opportunity to remove the impression that Americans dislike England or wish to be on any but the most cordial terms with the English people. The interview contains much talk of the same sort.

WILKIE COLLINS IMPROVING.

There is no practically no doubt that the doctors will pull Wilkie Collins through the crisis. It is thought he will never be able to work again. The danger from heart trouble is over and he is improving.

A CALL NOT RETURNED.

Emperor Alexander Not a Good Neighbor—The Berlin Budget.

ERLIN, July 20.—The Cologne Gazette complains again to-day of the delay on the part of the Car in returning the visit of Emperor William to the Russian capital. The Car has not only not returned the visit, but has not even written a line to Emperor William to explain why. The visit of the Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria to Berlin has been fixed for August 11, and he will remain four days, leaving on the 16th.

Gen. Chaurko, Governor of Warsaw, has sent notices to the German customs authorities at Katowice, in Silesia, on the Russian border, that he will refuse admission into Russian territory to certain Silesian merchants, whose names he mentioned to the number of five.

A priest who was recently arrested at Vienna for harboring 200000 dollars, has shown so much contrition that the Archbishop of Vienna interceded for him with the Emperor, and has just succeeded in securing his pardon.

There is no doubt that in a few years there will be able to transport the population of the Thessalonian border. It was taken it shall be able to make the people Greeks right away to Eastern Roumelia. The bulk of the inhabitants have no pronounced nationality; they are ready to receive whatever stamp is impressed upon them.

PREPARING FOR THE STRUGGLE.

Meanwhile, as the great crisis in its destinies is drawing nearer and nearer, Greece is arming as best it may. Great attention is being paid to naval preparations, and three ironclads are at this moment in course of construction for the Greek Government in English docks. In a few years' time at most the Greek Navy will be more than a match for the Turkish, and indeed the Greeks themselves believe that the navy which is being built up is intelligible under these circumstances that great anxiety should be felt as to the possible action of the British fleet in the event of an attempt on the part of the Greeks to recover the Ionian Islands and Crete and the rest—which are still under Ottoman dominion. The attitude of Italy also causes a certain amount of uneasiness. Indeed, it is stated by one who is well qualified to be well informed on the matter that the part which Italy, as a member of the Triple Alliance, has undertaken to play in the event of a war against France and Russia includes the dispatch of an expeditionary force to an Aegean port.

BRITISH LEGISLATION.

Slow Progress in Parliament—The Salt Trust—Current Topics.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

ONION, July 20.—The English Government are becoming extremely apprehensive as to the prospects of public business. Among the most experienced members of the House of Commons are generally believed that several of the Government measures which are before the House must eventually be dropped. It is hopeless for instance to proceed with the Irish drainage bills in view of the opposition with which they are threatened. If the Government are to fulfill its promise of proceeding with the committee stage of the Scotch Local Government bill to die in view, it will be at least a week before they can take up the Irish bills again. To send these bills to a select committee at the end of July in the belief that they could be reported upon and passed in face of opposition in the present session, would argue an amount of simplicity of which even Mr. Smith's detractors would not accuse him.

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The various Russian rules now intended by German officials on the Swiss border are

TO THE PUBLIC!

DO NOT FORGET TO TRY OUR

JERSEY BISCUITS

They are delicious and always crisp. Just what you want for the summer, and are unequalled for children. Ask your grocer for them.

N. B.—Please see that the name of JERSEY BISCUIT appears on every cracker. Can only be made by the

Manewal-Large Cracker Co.

daily becoming more severe and even trainmen are subjected to the most rigid scrutiny. A Russian student, who is suspected of being a nihilist, has been delivered to the Russian authorities. The German Government intends to expel all other Russian students now in Berlin.

LONDON SOCIETY.

The Royal Wedding—America's Crown Prince—Prominent People.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, July 20.—The social event of next week is the royal wedding. The wedding presents that have already been sent in would stock a jeweler's shop. The Rothschilds and the Shaws both give diamonds. Mr. Russell Harrison has received a command to write a poem for the occasion. The bride will wear a white and silver brocade, with a veil of Honiton lace, diamonds and pearls presented by the Queen. The Princess will be a splendid star of diamonds. Lord Tennyson, so the Court Journal says, has received a command to write a poem for the occasion. The bride will wear a white and silver brocade, with a veil of Honiton lace, diamonds and pearls presented by the Queen.

THE AMERICAN CROWN PRINCE.

Russell Harrison has been very busy this week hunting all week. He went to Marlborough House to-day to see the Prince and Princess of Wales. His old friends from New York who met him here complain that he is putting on too many airs. Free lance society papers call him the American Crown Prince. After the already waning season stops Harrison is going to find out something about the English print pictures.

FIGHTING TO BAYREUTH.

All good Wagnerians are now en route to Bayreuth, where during the next four weeks eighteen dramatic representations will be given. "Parsifal" will be heard Sunday next. "Tristan and Isolde," which has not been heard in Bayreuth since 1886, will follow on Monday. "Die Meistersinger," which was produced at Festspielhaus last year, is set down for Wednesday.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Manager Palmer and wife and Jarrett have gone to the Isle of Wight for a week before making a coaching tour of Scotland. Mrs. Florence has gone Paris. Countess has gone to Germany. Mr. Frank Leslie went to Paris yesterday. Andrew Carnegie is also in Paris. Editor Medill is not well enough to stay in Paris to see the exhibition. He has gone to Homburg.

MINISTER LINCOLN, wife and daughter go to Schwabach next week.

Ad Degrange Stevens of New York is dangerously ill here at the home of her mother, Mrs. Butler Butterworth.

Alfred Halseid is in Paris and sails for America next Wednesday.

Mrs. Beach Grant, who at one time was engaged to Earl Cairns, is here on a visit to Mrs. Morton.

Trevelyan Bishop of Rochester, N. Y., who is still in Rome, had an audience with the Pope last Sunday.

J. F. Sutton, who bought "L'Angelus," called on the Lahn; Margaret Mather on the Umbria, Mrs. Alexander Sullivan of Chicago on the City of Berlin, Charles F. Fleming and Sidney Woollett of the Fulda, Hon. Sol Hirsch, the new Minister to Turkey, sailed on the Lahn, going to see his family from Portland, Ore.

MUST COME DOWN.

The Poles of the Bell Telephone Co. at Windsor, Ontario.

By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch.

WINDSOR, Ontario, July 20.

HERE has been trouble brewing for some time between the Bell Telephone Co. and the town officials, because the former insisted on having a pole on Ontario avenue to plant their poles. The Council gave the company forty-eight hours to take down the offending poles, and the time expired to-night. The poles still stand. The company sent word to the special meeting of the Council to-night that they would not take them down and the town would sue them for their peril. The Council ordered Road Commissioner Ramsdell to start to-morrow and chop down the poles.

SOCIALISTS IN CONGRESS.

German Delegates Warned Against Spies—The Members Banqueted.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

BERLIN, July 20.—Both Congresses of the Socialists are in full blast in Paris. At the session of the Marxist Congress to-day Herr Hebel, the German delegate, warned those present that spies in the pay of the German Government had been hunting the delegates and other resorts where the German delegates were wont to gather. At this Herr Liebknecht suggested that the German delegates who give them by to prevent the mandate of the Socialists from falling into the hands of their enemies, and requested that all hand their mandates in that they

might be destroyed to prevent the authorities from using them as evidence in the victims of their rage and malice. This request was quite generally heeded and many papers were handed up to be destroyed.

The police authorities of Paris have granted permission to the Marxists to go to the cemetery of Pere Lachaise to-morrow on purpose to decorate the graves of the Communists buried there.

At the meeting to-day of the other section of the Socialist party, the Possibilists, whose convention known as the International Labor Congress, Mr. Hyndman, the English delegate, urged the union of the Socialists with the trades unions in all countries. The congress passed a resolution stating that in its judgment the delegates from each nation were the best judges of the wisdom of their own social and political tactics.

The Municipal Council of Paris last evening gave a grand banquet to the delegates to both the Socialist congresses.

DURNAVEN'S TERMS.

Capt. O'Neill Will Sail His Race Against Durnaven.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

ONION, July 20.

Durnaven has determined not to send the Valkyrie to the trial race, but to send the Yara to the trial race. The trial race is a contest between the Yara and the Valkyrie. The Yara is a new yacht designed by Watson. Jamison may challenge for the America's Cup next year if the Valkyrie fails to race or win; but North is also very keen about it and says he will surely challenge if Durnaven fails.

THE POPE.

His Probable Departure From Rome Discussed by the Italian Cabinet.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

ROME, July 20.—The subject of the possible departure from Rome of the Pope was freely discussed by the Italian Cabinet yesterday.



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GREAT PEACE CONGRESS.

SELVA LOCKWOOD WRITES OF THE MEETING OF THE OPPONENTS OF WAR.

An Earnest and Persistent Gathering in Paris of Delegates From All Parts of the World, Who Came at Their Own Expense—An Interesting Meeting of the Women's Rights Advocates.

Special Correspondence of SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

PARIS, July 12.—The

International Peace Congress, which met in the Trocadero in connection with the

Exposition, June 23,

closed its labors here yesterday, after its

earnest work of five

days. The meetings

were presided over by

Frederick Passy, a

member of the Cham-

berlain's antioy

President, Gaston Morin and Marie Tasti

Secretaries, and A. Franck and Chas. Le-

moumier as Presidents of Honor. There was

a large number of foreign delegates. The

United States, Great Britain, Spain,

Italy, Switzerland, Liberia, Belgium,

Brazil and the Scandinavian States

were well represented, and Ger-

many sent one. There was a very marked

earnestness and thoughtfulness among all

of the delegates, and a desire to do something

practical.

The subjects discussed were:

1. International arbitration under all its

forms and in all the applications to which

the principle may be adapted. Permanent treaties

of arbitration between two or several peoples.

2. Application of the principle of arbitration

to rivers, canals, straits, territories and

nations.

3. International application of the principle

of federation.

4. The creation of colleges of arbitration

in universities, gymnasia, lycées, and

schools; of courts of arbitration, theoretical

and practical.

5. Reforms to be effected in international

law, the fundamental principles of an inter-

national code.

6. A general study and examination of the

means and measures which may substitute

progressively between nations the jurisdiction

in place of state of war or force, and gradu-

ally render a state of peace.

DISARMAMENT POSSIBLE.

These questions were given out separately

to sections, organized by a chairman and

secretary, to whom all papers to be discussed

were submitted, carefully gone over, digested,

and then presented to the plenary assembly

by a presiding officer, with the results

of the discussion. The plenary assembly

was held in the Trocadero, and the

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THE FANCY CRACKERS.

A GREAT AND GROWING INDUSTRY WITH INTERESTING FEATURES.

Many Varieties—How They Are Made—Factories—Ingenious Processes—Improved Machinery—Where the Bakers Are and the Many Different Kinds—The Soft and the Hard Cracker.

From the Evening Post.

The business of manufacturing crackers—

not crackers, but the kind that are fur-

nished at every luncheon and breakfast

has grown to be a great industry in this

country, and in the city of New York alone

probably from 3,500 to 4,000 men, women, and

children are employed in this work. It is

only within the last few years that the busi-

ness has grown to such prominence. Before

1870 the only crackers made in this coun-

try were the old-style or standard

cracker, made of flour, sugar, and butter,

slightly sweetened biscuit, made up in pecu-

liar forms; but these crackers bore about as

much resemblance to the fancy crackers of to-

day as the old-fashioned wooden shoe to the

modern shoe. The only kind of fancy cracker

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Leading Citizens Protest the Abandonment Display.

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The illumination of the street originated in St. Louis and has year by year to greater height

With the ordinary fixtures and globes in their warehouses, the store is able to make a display distance heretofore attempted for less money than was necessary in any one of

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average of twenty-four glob
thin a linear distance
the intersection and on ea

beets crossing Fourth street and
arches were erected across the
arch being thickly studded with
s. The entire plant contained
and it was estimated that 20,000

were consumed per hour. The occasion was donated by the Toledo Gas Co. The fund-raising purchase and erection of the

in addition to this public display
there were numerous displays by
the firms, who handsomely
decorated their buildings with

igned in various beautiful designs. The grandeur of this extensive park is a source of delight to all who have witnessed by thousands of people.

ated from nearly all parts
tes, and by many European
re in the city, all of whom
gorgeous beyond any other
d ever witnessed in other

AFTER THE FESTIVITIES
gas fixtures were taken down
and erected the following year
they were extended over a greater

and a number of improvements on this occasion the cost was about the preceding year, \$20,000, and entirely by subscription.

citizens. In 1884 the g
n was repeated, and was ag
ended, particularly by the ad
lights. The cost for this
of the illumination in 1885.

as that of previous years continued to grow in intensity. In the fall of 1886, about \$22,000,000 was expended and expended in the same manner as in the fall of 1885.

the display being extended
the blocks than it had occupied
alone.

...greatest effort, the displaced, and numerous hands; \$25,000 were expended. This was

the G. A. R. encampment.
The committee's efforts
visitors was beyond
Last year the

...but cost less money to

-----3
75
N.

ROADS.

Owners in the rd.

of the property rd was held last Jefferson ave- the elevated ngularly the Scott order by Dela- explained that use of ascertain- erty owners and posed elevated out 150 or 200 of the ward, and been attracted were present to order. One sed the name of rman, but Mr. to have an im- pect, and as Mr. had selected for a old resident of believed was not

has Dr. John J. before at the glad on fellow-citizens heaven, which then proposed to ob- free passage of desired to un- which would be- road, but he without a strug- the various ated along the alleged, would of the sisters Hospital had th tears in her the destruction of said that he did to run and elec- Houghton be- use he knew as of an elevated the sick along the- ges that would the property- ed by say- the lower house- from among the interests.

[illegible]

country's metrop
rils thought, wa
night be commo
- nonsense l

by Mr. Paul H
lengthy address
ed road.
e meeting were
rils, Thomas M
ll Mack, P. E.
wan, Chris Hel
jausberger, J. F
James Cullinan
Wm. Lafanzer
Quinlivan.

ention.
7 20.-The South
ation met to-day
after the reading
embers have gon
business will b



ING
DER
y Pure.
A handful of per...
More economical th...
be sold in compa...
sw-laid, short-wa...
SOLD ONLY IN CAN...
... 100 Wall St., N.Y.

nothing like it in this or any other country. There is no other festival of fire had been so long continued. If the festival of fire had been continued it would have been a good thing, and I am still in favor of introducing something like it into the illumination, but I do not see why the illumination alone is not better than

any. There ought to be a quantity of money raised sufficient to pay the expenses of the illumination. There is scarcely a business man in New Orleans who would not be willing to subscribe almost double the usual amount if necessary."

MR. GEORGE SAID:
"I think the illumination of the streets is a

The annual picnic of the Enterprise Club will be given to-day at Lindell Park. There will be games of all kinds and plenty of refreshments.

brought in and it built the Union Elevator in
St. Louis. The prices in St. Louis ranged
from 5 to 5 cents above those of Chicago and
the receipts of corn here were greater than
they have ever been since. There have been
several years in which the corn crop
has been greater, but grain men de-
clare that St. Louis has not had

city enjoyed when there was competition on the river they are sure of the return of those privileges and more. The West has been so thickly populated during the past few years that an actual port of entry nearer than New York has become almost a necessity. The scheme which is now working, and rapidly assuming shape, is to start a new line to New

Marine.
SOUTHAMPTON, July 22.—The new Hamburg-American steamer Colombia from Hamburg for New York sailed hence at 2:30 this morning.
SOUTHAMPTON, July 22. — Arrived: Allan from New York.

INSURANCE TYRANNY.

THE REAL OBJECT OF THE BOARD AGAIN SHOWN TO BE TO MAINTAIN RATES.

Efforts Made to Prevent the Assured From Getting a Lower Rate Than That Now Being Paid, and to Make It Impossible for Non-Board Agents to Sell Policies—How the Street Railway Works Were Lost.

HE exposure of the rules and practices of the St. Louis Board of Fire Underwriters made in the **SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH** of a week ago introduced a new and important organization to the public in its true light, and as a result there is a very general demand that the new anti-trust law be applied to the board. The members of the board are themselves afraid of this. Some of them even hope that it will be so, and some of them are even afraid of this. Some of them even hope that it will be so, and some of them are even afraid of this.

the board are said to be very much in favor of the dissolution of the organization by this means. Several of them think they could do much better business outside of the board than in it, and as the board members represent many of the strongest and best companies in the world they cannot afford, as long as the board continues, to be ostracized and boycotted by its non-intercourse and non-interference with this boycotting and non-interference rule.

A STRONG BOARD CLAIM. It is the effect that the object of the organization is merely to schedule risks and bring about an equality among insurers. It is not to prevent competition, and it is not to prevent competition, and it is not to prevent competition.

the board also, as was shown to a Post-Dispatch reporter yesterday that the board is not to prevent competition, and it is not to prevent competition, and it is not to prevent competition.

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NEWS ACROSS THE RIVER.

BIDS RECEIVED FOR THE RECONSTRUCTION OF BROADWAY, EAST ST. LOUIS.

The bids for the work much lower than expected—Effect of the Establishment of a Grade-General and Interesting East St. Louis and Belleville News.

HE Council met in regular session yesterday afternoon for the purpose of considering bids and propositions for the reconstruction of Broadway from John street in the Hook Road, better known as the Belleville Turnpike. All the Aldermen were present, Mayor Stephens presiding. City Clerk Ed. Jones read several communications, and the Broadway matter was called upon and presented his plans and specifications for the work. The Mayor followed with a long explanation of the project, and the Council then proceeded to consider the bids.

THE BIDS IN DETAIL. Filling and grading, per cubic yard—Jerome Wintz, 45 cents; Allen & Vieths, 25 cents; H. Ruecking, 30 cents; Stiefel & Ruecking, 40 cents; Limestone curbing, per lineal foot—Niemes & Reimann, 70 cents; Allen & Vieths, 31; H. Ruecking, 31; Stiefel & Ruecking, 41; C. R. Harrison, 42.

Granite block paving, per square—P. W. Schneider, \$3.50; Allen & Vieths, 35; H. Ruecking, 35; Stiefel & Ruecking, 35.50. Thirty-inch sewer pipe, per foot—Stonewall Pipe Co., 10 cents; Allen & Vieths, 10 cents; H. Ruecking, 10 cents; W. H. Hill & Co., 10 cents; C. R. Harrison, 10 cents; Edwardsville, 10 cents.

Six-inch sewer pipe, per foot—Stonewall Pipe Co., 10 cents; Allen & Vieths, 10 cents; H. Ruecking, 10 cents; W. H. Hill & Co., 10 cents; C. R. Harrison, 10 cents; Edwardsville, 10 cents. Excavating and refilling, per cubic yard—Allen & Vieths, 35 cents; H. Ruecking, 50 cents; C. R. Harrison, Edwardsville, 50 cents.

Rubble masonry, per perch—Niemes & Reimann, 35 cents; Allen & Vieths, 35 cents; H. Ruecking, 35 cents; C. R. Harrison, Edwardsville, 35 cents. Thirty-two copings, per 1,000 brick—Niemes & Reimann, 12 cents; Allen & Vieths, 12 cents; H. Ruecking, 12 cents; C. R. Harrison, Edwardsville, 12 cents.

BOARD OF CHARITY COMMISSIONERS. They Will Oppose the Extension of the Insane Asylum Immediately. On Wednesday afternoon the Board of Charity Commissioners held a meeting, which was attended by Mayor Noonan and at which a communication from the Board of Public Improvements was read. The board is now having a big grass dance in full dress as costumes at the pavilion.

SETTLING OKLAHOMA. The Scheme to Bring in Colonies of Colored People From the South. By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch. TOPEKA, Kan., July 20.—The organization of the Oklahoma Emigration Association was completed yesterday. The following are the officers: President, H. W. Balf; Vice-president, G. I. Curran; Secretary, A. P. Smith; Treasurer, J. R. Cooley; Corresponding Secretary and Manager, W. L. Englehorn.

By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch. BONE TIER, Mo., July 20.—Geo. J. Devine of this place, who has been drinking steadily for several weeks, yesterday attempted to strike his wife with a stone, but

STIRRED TO ITS DEPTHS.

CLEVELAND (O.) SOCIETY IN THE TROUBLES OF A BIG SENSATION.

A Beautiful and Popular Society Here Yesterday Refused to be Married at the House Set for the Wedding—How it All Came About—Another Man in the Case.

By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch. CLEVELAND, O., July 20.—The morning papers of Thursday contained the announcement that the Cleveland (O.) Society had refused to be married at the house set for the wedding. The society, which is a very popular one, had been invited to be married at the house of a prominent citizen, but they had refused to do so.

THE SOCIETY BELLS. Miss Riddle is the daughter of J. P. Riddle, a partner in the wholesale hardware firm of Lockwood, Taylor & Co., and is 25 years old, but looks no more than 20. She is of medium height, has brown hair and blue eyes, a pretty face and figure and great vivacity of manner.

THE MARRIAGE LICENSE. The only marriage license issued yesterday by the County Clerk was that of John J. Carey and Mary E. Carey, who were married yesterday by being caught in the wash mill. They were both residents of the city.

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STORMS IN THE EAST.

THE STREETS OF NEW YORK DELUGED BY TORRENTS OF RAIN.

Land Slide Near Long Island City—Trees Uprooted and Outbuildings Overturned—Railway Tracks Washed Out and Travel Impeded—Storms in Ohio and Kentucky—Freaks of the Lightning.

By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch. NEW YORK, July 20.—This city and vicinity was visited by a severe rain storm last night, which was accompanied by strong winds. The rain fell in what appeared to be solid water, and the streets were deluged by torrents of rain.

THE STREETS OF NEW YORK DELUGED BY TORRENTS OF RAIN. The streets of New York were deluged by torrents of rain last night, which was accompanied by strong winds. The rain fell in what appeared to be solid water, and the streets were deluged by torrents of rain.

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ESTABLISHED
W. BOOTH

GRAIN
COMMISSION MEETS

2 N. Third St
Special attention
handling bulk grain
ent.

MATTHEWS & W
BANKERS AND B
1 North Third Street
Buy and sell all loc
cks and investment

BAUER BANKERS AND INVESTORS
205 N. 3D ST., ST. LOUIS
We make a specialty of buying and selling local securities. Telephone 10-1000
W. A. GAYLORD

LOCAL SECURITY

Directed Weekly by Wm
202 North Third

GOVERNMENT BONDS

	Due	Interest
3. Coupons 4s.	1907	Ja Ap Ju
3. Reg'd 4s.	1907	Ja Ap Ju
3. Coupon 4 1/2s.	1881	Mh Jn Se
3. Reg'd 4 1/2s.	1891	Mh Jn Se

Interest to buyer.

STATE BONDS

When Due.	Interest
-----------	----------

.....	1889	J
.....	1880	J
.....	1880	J
.....	1884	J
.....	1883	J
..... 5-20s of	1887	J
..... 5-20s of	1887	J
..... interest to buyer.		

CITY OF ST. LOUIS

	When Due.	Paid
3-6ss	1907	
4s	1905	
4s	1892	
4s	1882	
4s	1883	
4s	1885	
4s	1880	
5s	1900	
water 6s	1890	
bridge app. 6s	1882	
6s	1891	
6s	1893-4	
6s	1895	
6s	1899	
6s	1906	
6s	1900	
..... interest to street		

STREET RAILWAY BOARD

.....	Int.
-------	------

	6s, 10-20s from	1890	Apr
	av. 6s, 5-20s from	1896	Feb
	Sellers' Cable Gs.	1907	Jan
	dell Tz, 5-30s from	1879	Feb
	city Gs., 5-20s from	1884	Mar
	Pen. Gs., 10-10s from	1884	May
	therm. Gs., 5-20s from	1884	May
	Dep. Gs., 5-20s from	1885	Oct
	on Dep. Gs. 5-30 f'm lss	1885	Nov
	on 6s, 5-20 from.	1885	Ma
	rest to seller.		

MISCELLANEOUS			
			Int.
	ron. El. Gs., 5-20s f'm	1881	Jun
	m. of Corn. lat. Gs.	1898	Jan
	sold Coal lat. Gs.	1911	Mar
	Gr. El. Gs. 5-20s	1912	Mar
	lat. Pl. Glass lat. Gs.	1891	Jan
	Grounds lat 7s.	'90-3	May
	Lt. Exposition	opt'd	Apr
	Gr. El. Gs. 5-20s	1912	Mar
	Ore at S. E. 1st ss.	1917	Jan

U. Ore & S. Inc. 6.....	1917	Jan
Interest to buyer.....		
BANK STOCKS		
American Exchange.....		
Bank of Commerce.....		
Businessmen's Savings.....		
Central National Saving.....		
Citizens' Saving.....		
Commercial.....		
Continental National.....		
First National.....		
Fourth National.....		
Man Saving.....		
Man American.....		

[illegible]

ance Elevator
 erican Brake Co.
 for Line
 Telephone Co.
 tral Elevator
 olidated Coal
 tal Plate Glass Co.
 Grounds
 nby M. & S. Co.
 Mountain Co.
 ledge Gas Co. receipts
 elchants' Elevator
 elchants' Ex. Membership.
 onal Stock Yards
 orts' House
 nitz Heating Co.
 Charles Car Co.

Louis Cotton Compress Co.
 Louis Exposition
 Louis Gas Trusts receipts
 Louis Grain Elevator
 Louis House-Building Co.
 Louis Ore & Steel Co.
 Louis & Miss. Val. T. Co.
 Louis Safe Deposit Co.
 Louis Transfer Co.
 on Stock Yards
 ices Elevator
 iginis Ferry Co.

Exchange Quota

rrected by A. G. Edwards &
 kers, 313 North Third street.
 York
 adelphia

Go to the Lawrence American.
 "There's a letter
 for you, Mr. Spinks."
 Spinks looks at it and finds
 it a wedding suit. As he has
 been years he wonders how
 it came to him.
 "Who brought this
 fine boy?" A messenger
 comes.

headed, weighs 210 or 215 pounds, spectacles and looks wise, but almost in feature.

... wise men sat on a bench in the lobby Fifth Avenue Hotel. They had all in their time, no doubt, and stroked mustaches (one didn't have any) and their patent leathers and played with eled tips of their watch chains and locks and railroads and horse races, incidentally, the affairs of the great the people, affairs supposed to be in the direction of disaster. The one fattest the door was tall, very sandy, bearded, nervous and fidgety. His

He is a coal king, a railroad magnate, a stock promoter, a plunderer. He is a social leader, from the great Lincoln Hotel to the great Lincoln Hotel of Pennsylvania. The little man, with the bushy chestnut hair and the red-lined forehead and sharp nose and restless brown eyes, is a leader from the great Republican of Ohio and more lately from Wall Street. He is a millionaire and a half, and a stock promoter and a stock promoter lawyer. The third year door was sharp-nosed and like the first one, but the second one had a smooth face, a heavy jaw in weight than they, and, like a railroad magnate, a stock promoter and a stock promoter. But in the first billion.

leader in the people's fight for democracy was one others than famous chiefs, Wm. Scott, Calvin and Arthur G. Gorman.

Frederic Berry Wall has not just any old idea. He is a writer on men's fashions, an authority on such subjects, has persuaded several times before now to name below manuscript on male attire, the personal and the public, and rather vigorous ideas. Mr. Wall is being chased by some male friends at the day or two on his latest debut theme. Suddenly a man about town and author will be given if his statement on fashions, spoken up as one who really said, "I don't believe he Wall, but I don't believe he

menting here the name of the promoter of a new syndicate) wrote and got Berry to put his name to the paper for 12¢. I don't know. The way he did it was for one, but I don't think he made no concealment of the lie, and not Berry, was the author of told me so and told me of several So much for the newest journal

Dr. Paul Osterhout and wife and J. Saunderson left this morning per ship for Bluefields, Nicaragua, accompanied by Messrs. R. D. Matthews, E. Embree and Talley, son of Dr. R. P. Talley of Texas. Mr. Hammond and Dr. Osterhout are sent to the United States by the Fruit Growers' Association of the Mosquitoville for the purpose of making arrangements with the steamship lines for the bananas raised by the association. Their report having accomplished their mission and succeeded in establishing regular lines with Philadelphia and New York city. Mr. Osterhout is also a member of the Chamber of Commerce of Saragatun.

er Ydum to enter the trade in September. The steamer *Coolman*, which sank off at Philadelphia on the 3d inst., was raised and cleared on the 14th for s. While in New York they called on agents of the American Breeding Co., and secured shortly afterwards the necessary s to make certain surveys, with a making proposals to the Musquito company for dredging Bluefields' lagoon and the construction of a canal to the Gulf of Amoy. Dr. Osterhout and are well pleased with of their visit, and are of the opinion prospects of the planters near Blue- nose brighter than ever.

A CURIOUS CASE.

ARK, July 30.—Arthur J. Hartford, the seduced and athletic Englishman who eluded Thursday night by Detective only on Mrs. Cora Friedlie's complaint is held for trial at Jefferson Market to-day. The hearing that Justice gave the case made it apparent that more behind the arrest than either wanted to reveal. Hartford is at the company interested in the manufacture of automobiles and has an office on floor of Temple Court. He stops at Horton House and is 33 years old.

uit. She told the story already pub-
lished in Hartford's attention. Hartford
insisted of following the complainant
and told him with confidence that he
to have taken a sudden and mysteri-
ous flight. All that he said about
her was that he would see that she
and if he didn't succeed pasturing his
intentions. He never said that he
would. Hartford further intimated
complainant's real purpose was to
tell him. His confidence pasturing his
that the fact that Mrs. Friedle had left
and in Boston six weeks ago and is
now with a man named Parker at 345
two-second street.

embroidered slippers at 50c; men's
dress Hais, 90c; men's calf shoes,
at \$1.50; men's \$3.50 calf shoes at
5's hand-sewed French calf shoes,
at \$4.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin av.

An Over-Due Steamer.

Mass., July 20.—The steamer
D. Baker, Capt. Wiley, from Port
Jamaica, for Boston, with fruit,
was due Wednesday last, but has not
appeared. It is feared that an accident
has befallen her. The steamer Dithmarsh left

A Wife Deserter Arrested.
 Philadelphia to the Post-Dispatch. —
 Philadelphia, Pa., July 20.—Moses Hinkle was
 today for deserting his wife. He is
 40 and she 30. She stated to the
 that she married the man when he
 out of pity and to give him a home.
 tered bail for a hearing.

about the officers of the Customs
 house to admit free of duty all wrook-
 ing of the United States steamer Trench,
 of the name, consigned to the commandant of
 Island Navy Yard.
 Lucas avenue from 9 to 5 daily and
 the furnace evaporating more water
 of soft coal, but, without smoke, than
 the furnace can evaporate by a ton of
 costing four times the money.
 In Important Acquisition.
 to the Post-Dispatch.
 CITY, Mo., July 20.—Arrangements

complete, whereby Thomas H. Brown, one of the oldest manufacturers of automobiles in the United States, will have his plant in this city as soon as the necessary buildings can be erected.

Y. K. L., July 20. —The steam yacht
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. K. Vanderbilt
were here this afternoon from Eu-
rope.

—
"BX-OUT" of pack wear at 30.
GLOVES, 700 to 710 Franklin st.

11

A SUCCESSFUL MISSION.

Rama Fruit Growers' Association Prefect Transportation Arrangements.

Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch

W. OGLETHORPE, GA., July 20.—Mr. R. W.

ing suit. She told the story already published about Hartford's attention. Hartford had instead of following the complaint and following her with her suit, she preferred to have taken a sudden and mysterious for his society. All that he said about her was that he would see that she was correct if she didn't make pestering him her attention. He never said that he was detective. Hartford further intimated the complainant's real purpose was to get her money. He said that she had brought out the fact that Mrs. Friedle had left her husband in Boston six weeks ago and is living with a man named Parker at 38 Thirteenth street.

been completed whereby Thomas H. and son, one of the oldest manufacturer-
locomotives in the United States, will
re their plant to this city as soon as
necessary buildings can be erected.

Broke Camp.

graph to the Post-DISPATCH.

DINO, Pa., July 26.—Camp Good at
ngton and Camp Coleman at Mt. Gretna
at noon to-day and the members of
ational Guard passed through this city
eir way home.

Philadelphia, August 1

GOVERNMENT BONDS		
	Due	Interest
U. S. Coupons 4s.	1907	Ja Ap Ju
U. S. Reg'd 4s.	1907	Ja Ap Ju
U. S. Coupon 4 1/2s.	1861	Mh Jn Se
U. S. Reg'd 4 1/2s.	1891	Mh Jn Se
Interest to buyer.		

STATE BONDS		
	When Due.	
Massachusetts 4s.	1889	Ja
Massachusetts 4s.	1890	Ja
Massachusetts 4s.	1892	Ja
Massachusetts 4s.	1894	Ja
Massachusetts 4s.	1895	Ja

erican Exchange
 k of Commerce
 tmen's Savings
 en's Saving
 mercial
 timental National
 irth National
 kilm
 man Saving
 man American
 ernational
 iede
 alytic
 'anica'
 'ational'
 lanph's Savings
 thwestern Savings
 ious National
 ank of St. Louis

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